

# Year 6: Maths Knowledge Mat

## Rounding

**8,378,543**

To the **nearest 10,000** is 8,380,000  
 To the **nearest 100,000** is 8,400,000  
 To the **nearest 1,000,000** is 8,000,000  
 To the **nearest 10,000,000** is 10,000,000

## Multiplying a fraction by a fraction

$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3 \times 6}{5 \times 8} = \frac{18}{40}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3 \times 1}{4 \times 3} = \frac{3}{12} = \text{reduces to } \frac{1}{4}$$

## Percentages

### On a calculator

36% of 76  
 $0.36 \times 76$

Change to a decimal and multiply

### Increasing

Increase £70 by 14%  
 $14\% \text{ of } 70 = 0.14 \times 70 = \pounds 9.80$   
 New amount =  $\pounds 70 + \pounds 9.80 = \pounds 79.80$

### Fraction to %

$$\frac{15}{20} = \frac{75}{100} = 75\%$$

Or  $15 \div 20 \times 100 = 75\%$

### Decreasing

Decrease £70 by 14%  
 $14\% \text{ of } 70 = 0.14 \times 70 = \pounds 9.80$   
 New amount =  $\pounds 70 - \pounds 9.80 = \pounds 60.20$

### Without a calculator

50% - half  
 25% - half and half  
 75% - 50% + 25%

10% - divide by 10  
 5% - half 10%  
 20% - double 10%

## Calculations with mixed numbers

### Add Mixed Numbers

$$8\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{17}{2} + \frac{15}{4}$$

Change to improper fractions

$$= \frac{17 \times 2}{2 \times 2} + \frac{15}{4}$$

Change to common denominator

$$= \frac{34}{4} + \frac{15}{4}$$

$$= \frac{49}{4}$$

Add the numerators

$$= 12\frac{1}{4}$$

Change to mixed numbers

### Subtract Mixed Numbers

$$8\frac{1}{2} - 4\frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{17}{2} - \frac{15}{4}$$

Change to improper fractions

$$= \frac{17 \times 2}{2 \times 2} - \frac{15}{4}$$

Change to common denominator

$$= \frac{34}{4} - \frac{15}{4}$$

$$= \frac{19}{4}$$

Subtract the numerators

$$= 4\frac{3}{4}$$

Change to mixed numbers

## Adding fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = ?$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{3}{6} \quad \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{2} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

## Mean Average

The sum of all data points divided by the number of data points

## BODMAS

B → Bracket  
 O → Of  
 D → Division  
 M → Multiplication  
 A → Addition  
 S → Subtraction

### BODMAS EXAMPLE

$$40 - (5 \times 2^2 + 7)$$

Brackets 1<sup>st</sup> then use ODMAS inside the brackets

$$40 - (5 \times 4 + 7) \quad (2^2)$$

$$40 - (20 + 7) \quad (\text{Multiply } 5 \times 4)$$

$$40 - 27 \quad (\text{Add } 20 + 7)$$

$$\text{Answer} = 13$$

## Ratio

**Ratio** compares values.  
 A **ratio** says how much of one thing there is compared to another thing.  
**Ratio** 3:1. There are 3 blue squares to 1 yellow square.

## Formal methods of multiplication and division

134 x 27 becomes

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 2 \\ 134 \\ \times 27 \\ \hline 2680 \\ 938 \phantom{0} \\ \hline 3618 \end{array}$$

564 ÷ 15 becomes

$$15 \overline{) 564} \quad 15 \times 30$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 450 \\ \hline 114 \\ 105 \\ \hline 37 \end{array} \quad 15 \times 7$$

$$\frac{9}{15} = \frac{3}{5}$$

**Answer: 37  $\frac{3}{5}$**

432 ÷ 15 becomes

$$15 \overline{) 432.8} \quad 15 \times 28.8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 28.8 \\ 15 \overline{) 432.8} \\ \underline{30} \phantom{0} \\ 132 \\ \underline{120} \\ 120 \\ \underline{120} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

**Answer: 28.8**

384 ÷ 11 becomes

$$11 \overline{) 384} \quad 11 \times 34 \text{ r}10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 34 \text{ r}10 \\ 11 \overline{) 384} \\ \underline{33} \phantom{0} \\ 54 \\ \underline{55} \\ 10 \end{array}$$

**Answer: 34  $\frac{10}{11}$**

# Year 6: Maths Knowledge Mat

## Algebra

One step equation e.g.  $y + 14 = 20$   
 Undo addition or subtraction  

$$\begin{array}{r} y + 14 = 20 \\ -14 \quad -14 \\ \hline y = 6 \end{array}$$

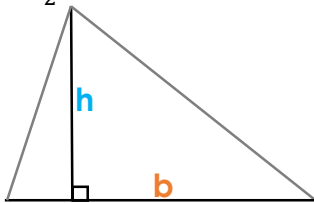
Two step equation e.g.  $2x + 5 = 11$   
 Undo addition or subtraction  

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 5 = 11 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 2x = 6 \end{array}$$
  
 Undo multiplication or division  

$$\begin{array}{r} x \div 2 = 6 \div 2 \\ \hline x = 3 \end{array}$$

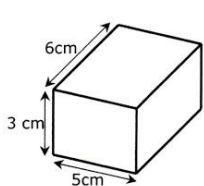
## Area of a triangle

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h = \frac{bh}{2}$$

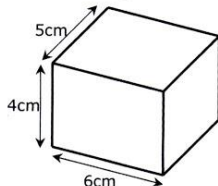


## Volume

volume = length x width x height

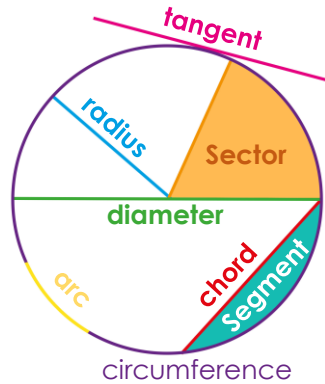


$$\text{volume} = 6 \times 5 \times 3 = 90 \text{ cm}^3$$



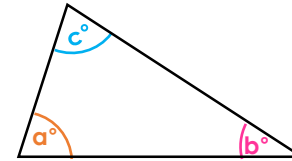
$$\text{volume} = 5 \times 6 \times 4 = 120 \text{ cm}^3$$

## Circles

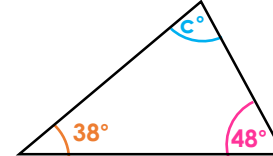


The **diameter** is twice the **radius**

## Angles in a triangle



$$a^\circ + b^\circ + c^\circ = 180^\circ$$

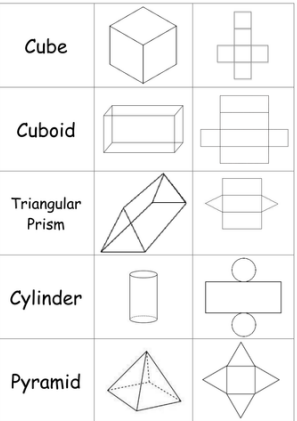


$$38^\circ + 60^\circ + c^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$c^\circ = 180^\circ - 98$$

$$c^\circ = 82^\circ$$

## Nets of 3D shapes



| Square Numbers  | Square Roots |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 <sup>2</sup>  | 1            |
| 2 <sup>2</sup>  | 4            |
| 3 <sup>2</sup>  | 9            |
| 4 <sup>2</sup>  | 16           |
| 5 <sup>2</sup>  | 25           |
| 6 <sup>2</sup>  | 36           |
| 7 <sup>2</sup>  | 49           |
| 8 <sup>2</sup>  | 64           |
| 9 <sup>2</sup>  | 81           |
| 10 <sup>2</sup> | 100          |
| 11 <sup>2</sup> | 121          |
| 12 <sup>2</sup> | 144          |
| 13 <sup>2</sup> | 169          |

| Cube Numbers   | Cube Roots |
|----------------|------------|
| 1 <sup>3</sup> | 1          |
| 2 <sup>3</sup> | 8          |
| 3 <sup>3</sup> | 27         |
| 4 <sup>3</sup> | 64         |
| 5 <sup>3</sup> | 125        |

## Vocabulary

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| <b>factors</b>  | numbers that you multiply together to get other numbers  |
| <b>multiple</b> | the result of multiplying a number by an integer   |
| <b>HCF</b>      | <b>Highest Common Factor</b> - the largest factor shared by two or more numbers                |
| <b>LCM</b>      | <b>Lowest Common Multiple</b> - the smallest number that is a multiple of two or more numbers. |